Government of Pakistan

National Vocational and Technical Training

Commission Prime Minister's Hun Armand Pakistan Program

"Skill for All"



NAVTTC

Course Contents/ Lesson Plan Course Title: Beauty therapy Duration: 03 Months



ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Almas Akhtar is a C.E.O of Beauty Academy by Almas, Assistant Director MHW by profession. She did LLB from Bahawalpur University she has done master in Urdu and political Science from Punjab University, she has done BLIS from Punjab University, B.Ed from Allama Iqbal Open University. She has done her training in Makeup, Hair, Skin from Paris, Thailand, Dubai, Malaysia Spain,& Lahore Beauty Collage & Femina Beauty Academy.

She is working with well reputable NAVTTC, Giz, TEVTA and JAICA in developing different curriculums and TLMs, she also developed curriculum for Sir Syed college Rawalpindi for Deaf students. She is the author of Middle Tech on Cosmetology with JAICA. She is also author of Lesson Plan Course Beautician and Beauty therapy. Apart from all qualification, she is assessor, Educator, Technical Advisor brand ambassador, Executive member of Rawalpindi Women chamber of Commerce. Vice Chairperson of Women Corporate Association.

Course Title

Beauty therapy, Hair Styling and Skin Care

Objectives and Expectations

Employable skills for Matric Students through an intensive course on Beautician and its application.

This is a special course designed to address unemployment in the youth. The course aims to achieve the above objective through hands on practical training delivery by a team of dedicated professionals having rich market/work experience. This course is therefore not just for developing a theoretical understanding/back ground of the trainees. Contrary to that, it is primarily aimed at equipping the trainees to perform commercially in a market space in independent capacity or as a member of a team. The course therefore is designed to impart not only technical skills but soft skills as well as entrepreneurial skills deemed essential for that purpose i.e. communication skills; marketing skills (including freelancing); personal grooming of the trainees and inculcation of the positive work ethics to foster better citizenship in general and improve the image of Pakistani work force in particular.

Main Expectations: In short, the course under reference should be delivered by professional instructors in such a robust hands- on manner that the trainees are comfortably able to employ their skills for earning money (through wage/selfemployment) at its conclusion. This course thus clearly goes beyond the domain of the traditional training practices in vogue and underscores an expectation that a market centric approach will be adopted as the main driving force while delivering should The instructors therefore experienced enough to be able to identify the training needs for the possible market roles available out there. Moreover, they should also know the strengths and weaknesses of each individual trainee to prepare them for such market roles during/after the training.

Key Features of Training & Special Modules

- i. Specially designed practical tasks to be performed by the
 - trainees have been included in the Annexure-to this document. Their weekly distribution has also been indicated in the weekly lesson plan given in this document. The record of all tasks performed individually or in groups must be preserved by the management of the training Institute clearly labeling name, trade, session etc. so that these are ready to be physically inspected/verified through monitoring visits from time to time. The weekly distribution of tasks has also been indicated in the weekly lesson plan given in this document.
- ii. In order to materialize the main expectations, a special
 - module on Job Search & Entrepreneurial Skills has been included in the course through which, the trainees will be made aware of the Job search techniques in the local job markets. Moreover, the trainees would also be encouraged to venture into self-employment and exposed to the main requirements in this regard. It is also expected that a sense of civic duties/roles and responsibilities will be inculcated in the trainees to make them responsible citizens of the country.
- iii. A module on Work Place Ethics has also been included to

highlight the importance of good and positive behavior at work place in the line with the best practices elsewhere in the world. An outline of such qualities has been given in the Appendix to this document. Its importance should be conveyed in a format that is attractive and interesting for the trainees such as through PPT slides + short video documentaries. Needless to say that if the training provider puts his heart and soul into these, otherwise nontechnical components, the image of Pakistani workforce would undergo а positive transformation in the local well as international job markets.

In order to maintain interest and motivation of the trainees throughout the course, modern techniques such as:

- Motivational lectures
- Success stories
- Case studies (in documentary or presentation format)

These would be employed as additional training tools wherever possible (these are explained in subsequent section Training the Methodology). Lastly, evaluation of the competencies acquired by the trainees will be done objectively at various stages of the training and proper record of the same will be maintained. Suffice to say that for such evaluations, practical tasks would be designed by the training providers to gauge the problem solving abilities of the trainees.

Training Tools/Methodology

(i) Motivational Lectures

The proposed methodology for the training under reference employs motivation as a tool. Hence besides the purely technical content, a trainer is required to include elements of motivation in his/her lecture to inspire the trainees to utilize the training opportunity to the full and strive towards professional excellence. Motivational lectures may also include general topics such as the importance of moral values and civic role & responsibilities as a Pakistani. A motivational lecture should be delivered with enough zeal to produce a deep impact on the trainees. It may comprise of the following:

- Clear Purpose to convey message to trainees effectively.
- Personal Story to quote as an example to follow.
- Trainees fit so that the situation is actionable by trainees and not represent a just idealism.
- Ending Points to persuade the trainees on changing themselves.

A good motivational lecture should help drive creativity, curiosity and spark the desire needed for trainees to want to learn more. Impact of a successful motivational strategy is amongst others commonly visible in increased class participation ratios. It increases the trainees' willingness to be engaged on the practical tasks for longer time without boredom and loss of interest because they can clearly see in their mind's eye where their hard work would take them in short (1-3 years); medium (3 -10 years) and long term (more than 10 years).

This tool is designed for training providers to ensure arrangements for regular well planned motivational lectures as part of a coordinated strategy interspersed throughout the training period as suggested in the weekly lesson plans in this document.

(11) Success Stories

Another effective way of motivating the trainees is by means of Success Stories. Its inclusion in the weekly lesson plan at regular intervals has been recommended till the end of the training. A success story may be disseminated orally, through a presentation or by means of a video/documentary of someone that has risen to fortune, acclaim, or brilliant achievement. A success story shows how a person achieved his goal through hard work, dedication and devotion. An inspiring success story contains compelling and significant facts articulated clearly and easily comprehendible words. Moreover, it is helpful if it is assumed that the reader/listener knows nothing of what is being revealed. Optimum impact is created when the story is revealed by the person himself either:

- Directly (in person) or,
- Through an audio/ videotaped message.

It is expected that the training provider would collect relevant high quality success stories for inclusion in the training as suggested in the weekly lesson plan given in this document.

Suggestive structure and sequence of a sample success

story and its various shapes can be seen at annexure III.

(111) Case Studies

Where a situation allows, case studies can also be presented to the trainees to widen their understanding of the real life specific problem/situation and to explore the solutions. In simple terms, the case study method of teaching uses a real life case example/a typical case to demonstrate a phenomenon in action and explain theoretical as well as practical aspects of the knowledge related to the same. It is an effective way to help the trainees comprehend in depth both the theoretical and practical aspects of the complex phenomenon in depth with ease. Case teaching can also stimulate the trainees to participate in discussions and thereby boost their confidence. It also makes class room atmosphere interesting thus maintaining the trainee interest in training till the end of the course. Depending on suitability to the trade, the weekly lesson plan in this document may suggest case studies to be presented to the trainees. The trainer may adopt a power point presentation or video format for such case studies whichever is deemed suitable but it's important that only those cases are selected that are relevant and of a learning value.

The Trainees should be required and supervised to carefully analyze

The cases. For the purpose they must be encouraged to inquire and collect specific information / data, actively participate in the discussions and intended solutions of the problem / situation. Case studies can be implemented in the following ways:-

- i. A good quality trade specific documentary (At least 2-3 documentaries must be arranged by the training institute).
- ii. Health & Safety case studies (2 cases regarding safety and industrial accidents

	must be arranged by the training institute).
	iii. Field visits (At least one visit to a trade
	specific major industry/ parlors must be
	arranged by the training institute).
Looming Outcome of the	3 7
Learning Outcome of the	The following learning outcomes are expected
Course	from the training.
	Pass outs may join any beauty parlor.
	They can establish their own beauty parlor.
	3. They can groom themselves at their home.
	4. They can join sectors such as airlines, show
	business etc. where numerous females work
	and are essentially required to put on
	makeup and style hair.
	They can establish their own training institutions
	to conduct beauty parlor courses. Currently an
	institution by the name of Diplex is successfully
	working along the same lines.
Entry level of Trainees	Matric or SSC passed outs preferably females.
Course Execution Plan	Total Duration of Course: 3 Months (13 Weeks).
	Class Hours: 4 Hours per day (06 Days per
	week).
	Theory: 20% Practical: 80%.
	Weekly Hours: 24 Hours Per Week.
	Total Contact Hours: 312 Hours
Companies Offering Jobs in	1. Self-Employment
the Respective Trade	2. Beauty Salons & Parlors
	3. They can groom themselves at their home.
	They can join sectors such as airlines, show
	business etc. where numerous females work and
	are essentially required to put on makeup and
	style hair.
Job Opportunities	Self-Employment.
Job Opportunities	Beauty Salons Staff.
	·
	Media and Showbiz Industry. Airling Industry. Airling Industry. The Airling Industry. The Airling Industry. The Airling Industry. The Airling Industry.
	Airline Industry. Fachian Industry.
No of Childring	Fashion Industry
No of Students	25
Learning Place	Classroom / Lab

Schedul ed Week	Module Title	Scheduled Days	Learning Units	Remarks
Week 1	Introduction	Day 01	Motivational	(Details may
			Lecture	be seen at
			(For further detail	Annexure-I)
			please see Page	
			No: 3-4)	
			 Introduction of course 	
		Day 02	 Institute/Work 	
			ethics (For further	
			detail please see	
			Annexure-II at the	
			end)	
			Customer Dealing	
		Day 03	Health & Safety	
			Safety Tools Cleaner	
			• First Aid Box	
			Management	
	Skin Anatomy	Day 04	Skin Anatomy	(Details may
	Skin Anatomy		(Structure)	be seen at
		Doy 05	Skin Types (Detail)Skin PH Scale &	Annexure-I)
		Day 05	Skin PH Scale & Other Factors That	
			can Effect Skin PH	
			How to check and	
			Balance PH of the	
			Skin?	
		Day 06	Draw & Label Structure of Skin	
Week 2		Day 01	 Motivational 	Home
			Lecture (For	Assignment-1
			Further Detail	(Details may
			Please see Page	be seen at Annexure-II)
			No. 3 And 4)	Annexure-ii)
			Common Skin	
			Problems (Pigmentation,	
			Acne, Dry Damage,	
			Skin Hair Growth)	
		Day 02	• Tools &	
			Equipment's and	
			Product.	
			 Required for Different Facials 	
		Day 03	Sanitization and	

	Sterilization of Tools and
	Equipment's for Facial
Day 04	Facials & it's Type
•	(Medicated,
	Skin Lightning, Herbal)
Day 05	Trolley Setting for
	Facial
	Product Knowledge
Day 06	for facial
Day 00	Facial Massage its Advantages and
	Advantages and
	Disadvantages
	Advance Facial Hydra, High
	Frequency,
	Ultrasonic,
	Galvanic)
Day 01	Manual Facial and
	Facial with
	machines
	Procedure for Facial
	Black Head/White
	Head Removal with
	Steam & Vacuum
	Session.
Day 02	Trolley Settings For
	Bleach Preparation
	of Bleach with
Day 03	Product knowledge Bleaching of Face And
Day 00	its Procedure
	Advantages and
	Disadvantages
Day 04	Motivational
	Lecture (For
	Further Detail
	Please see Page
	No. 3 And 4)
	T rolley Setting for
	Waxing
	Skin Waxing & Its
	types
Day 05	Procedure &
	Application of
	Waxing on Different Parts Of
	Body Step By Step
	Day 02 Day 03

		Day 06	. Droodure of Coos	1
		Day 06	Procedure of Face Three ding 8	
			Threading &	
			Plucking of Eye	
			Brows Making &	
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Hand O Fact	Davi 4	Precaution	
Week 4	Hand & Feet	Day 1	Manicure and	
	Care		Pedicure	
			Trolley Setting For	
			Mani and Pedicure	
			Prepare Proper	
			Service Area	
		Day 2	Knowledge of	
		_	Manicure and	
			Pedicure Tools and	
			Equipment's.	
			Product Knowledge	
			About Mani and	
			Pedicure	
		Doy 2	D (M : 1	
		Day 3		
	Mehndi Art		Pedicure	
			Apply paraffin Wax	
			Apply Nail Color	
			and Perform Nail	
			Art	
	Mehndi	Day 4	Filling, Drafting and	
			Design Mehndi Art	
		Day 5	Bridal Mehndi	
			Bale Style	
		Day 6	Arabic Design for	
			Bridal	
			Indian Design for	
Magi- F	Hair		Bridal	/D - 1 - 11
Week 5	Hair			(Details may
				be seen at
				Annexure-I)
		Day 1	Hair Anatomy and Parts of	Monthly
			the Hair	Test 1
		Day 2	Hair Structures and	
		Dov. 2	Types Hair Care Hama	
		Day 3	Hair Care Home	
		Day 4	Remedy Identify Different Hair	
		Day 4	Problems	
		Day 5	Knowledge about	
		Day 5		
			, , ,	
			According to the	
		Do: 0	Structure of the Hair	
		Day 6	Study of Hair Chart	

Week 6	Hair Calarina	Day 4	Success Stories	
AAGGK D	Hair Coloring	Day 1	• Success Stories (For Further Detail	
			,	
			Please see Page	
			No. 3 And 4)	
			Difference between Natural and	
			Fashion Shades	
		Day 2	Knowledge About	
		Day 2	Different Types of Hair	
			Color (Natural, Metallic	
			Synthetic)	
		Day 3	Hair Protein Treatment	
		Day 4	Practice of Hair Oil	
			Massage with Pressure	
			Point	
		Day 5	Procedure of Root	
		D •	Touching	
		Day 6	Motivational A seture (For	
			Lecture (For Further Detail	
			Please see Page	
			No. 3 And 4)	
			• Procedure Of	
			Application of full	
			Hair Color	
Week 7	Streaking	Day 1	Knowledge about	
			different type of	
			streaking	
			Procedure of Ctracking	
			Streaking	Hamas
	Rebounding			Home
	& keratin	Day 2	Difference Between	Assignment-2 (Details may
			Rebounding and Keratin	be seen at
			& Hair Botox	Annexure-II)
		Day 3	Hair Botox	/ iiiicaure-ii)
		Day 4	Hair Rebounding	
		,	Procedure	
			Precaution and After	
			Care	
		Day 5	Hair Keratin Step By	
			Step	
		Day 6	 Success Stories 	
			(For Further Detail	
			Please see Page	
\A/ ₂ : 1 . 2	Ole a service	D - 4	No. 3 And 4)	
Week 8	Shampoo	Day 1	Perform Hair Wash	
	procedure	Day 2	Shampoo and Combing	
]		Day 2	Apply Hair Conditioner	

		and Mask	
	Day 3		
		Angle and Position	
	Day 4		(Details may
H	air Cutting	Cutting:	be seen at
		U shape, Round	Annexure-I)
		Shape,	,e,
	Day !	•	
		Lecture (For	
		Further Detail	
		Please see Page	
		No. 3 And 4)	
		 Step Cutting, 	
		Forward Cutting	
	Day 6	Shaggy Cutting, Soldier	
		Cutting,	
Week 9	Day	1 Graduation bob	
	Day	2 Layer with Steps.	
	Day 3	A line Bob Cutting	
Ha	air Styling Day 4		
	Day \$	5 Back Combing	
	Day 6	6 Gel Back	
Week 10	Day	1 Straightening with Iron	
	Day	2 Roller Setting	
	Day 3	Curling of Hair with Rod	
	Day 4	4 Hair Curl With Iron	
	Day \$	Jora's Style	
	Day 6	Success Stories	
		(For Further Detail	
		Please see Page	
		No. 3 and 4)	
		Knowledge About	Home
		Equipment's and	Assignment-3
		Tools for Makeup	(Details may
		Trolley Setting for	be seen at
		Makeup	Annexure-II)
Week 11 M	okoup Dov		
AAGGK II IVI	akeup Day	·	N 4 1 1 1
	Day	•	Monthly
		Study about	Test 2
		Party Makeup,	
		Model Makeup,	
		Bridal Makeup.	
	Day 3		
	Day 4	5 .	
		Makeup for Different	
i I			
		Skin (Dry, Oily and	

		Day 5	Product Knowledge and Use of Concealer, Camouflage for Flaws of Skin, Foundation, Compact, Contouring Color, Blush on, Eye Shade etc. Cleansing of Face Before Makeup Preparation & Procedure
Week 12		Day 1	of Makeup Practice on Party, Model and Evening Makeup
		Day 2	Practice on Bridal Makeup
		Day 3	Study Face shaping Through Contouring
		Day 4	 Use of High Lighter According to Shape of Eyes for Different Makeup Looks Different Eye Liner Techniques
	Salon Management	Day 5	 Success Stories (For Further Detail Please see Page No. 3 And 4) Front Desk Management Salon Cleaning Fire Exits
		Day 6	 Dress Code Daily Work Sheets Product Knowledge
Week 13		Day 1	Client ConsultationCustomer Record
		Day 2	Customer Opening& ClosingCustomer Services
		Day 3	Customer Backup.Customer Homecare Product
		Day 4	Business Value Statement
		Day 5	Sales and Marketing Strategy

	Smart Objectives	
Day 6	Cost Management	
-	(OPEX,CAPX, ROS etc.)	

The Following Tasks are required to be performed multiple time by each trainee/group until sufficient proficiency level is required. The trainer is required to determine the number of times, each tasks needs to be repeated by a trainee as per his/her low/medium/high level of skill and proficiency during any stage of the course.

Tasks for Beauty Therapy, Hair Styling and Skin Care

Гask No.	Task Description	Week
1.	Introduction	Week 1
2.	Preparation of Emergency Medical Box	
3.	Skin Care	
4.	Institute Work Ethics	
5.	Skin Anatomy	Week 2
6.	Label Structure of Skin	
7.	Skin Problem	
8.	Sanitization and Sterilization	
9.	Facial Type	Week 3
10.	Trolley Setting	
11.	Basic Facial	
12.	Bleach	
13.	Knowledge of Manicure Pedicure Tools And Equipment's	Week 4
14.	Product Knowledge	
15.	Procedure	
16.	Mehndi Art Filling Drafting and Design	

18. Hair Anatomy 19. Hair Structure 20. Home Remedy	
20. Home Remedy	
21. Study of Hair Chart	Week 6
22. Difference B/W Natural And Fashion Shade	
23. Knowledge About Different Hair Color	
24. Hair Protein Treatment	
25. Practice Hair Massage	
26. Procedure Of Application of Hair Color	Week 7
27. Procedure of Streaking	
28. Difference B/W Rebonding And Keratin	
29. Hair Botox & its Procedure	
30. Hair Keratin Step By Step	
31. Hair Wash Shampoo &	Week 8
32. Application of Conditioner Mask	
33. Hair Cutting Techniques	
34. Angle and Position	
35. Different Types Of Cutting Bob Cut, Shaggy Cut,	
Layer Cut 36. Hair Styling	Week 9
37. Back Combing	
38. Gel Back	
39. Different Tale & Braide Style	Week 10
40. Straightening with Iron	

41.	Roller Setting	
42.	Curling With Rod & Iron	
43.	Basic Jora	
44.	Makeup	Week 11
45.	Knowledge About Equipment & Tools For Makeup	
46.	Makeup Products	
47.	Trolley Settings	
48.	Different Types of Makeup For Different Skin	
49.	Bridal Makeup & Party Makeup	
50.	Procedure Makeup	Week 12
51.	Contouring	
52.	Use of High Lighter & Technique of Eye Liner	
53.	Salon Management	Week 13
54.	Introduction Fundamental of Business Development	
55.	Salon Cleaning	
56.	Fire Exit	
57.	Dress Code	
58.	Daily Worksheet	
59.	Client Consultation	

Annexure:-I

Motivational Lectures Computer Graphics and Video Editing

What is freelancing and how you can make money online – BBCURDU https://www.youtube.com/watch7v59jCJN3Ff0kA

What Is the Role of Good Manners in the Workplace? By Qasim Ali Shah | In Urdu

https://www.youtube.com/watch7v5Qi6Xn7yKIIQ

Hisham Sarwar Motivational Story | Pakistani Freelancer

https://www.youtube.com/watch7v5CHm BH7xAXk

21 Yr Old Pakistani Fiverr Millionaire | 25-35 Lakhs a Month Income | Interview https://www.youtube.com/watch7v59WrmYYhr7S0

Success Story of a 23 Year - Old SEO Expert | How This Business Works | Urdu Hindi Punjabi

https://www.youtube.com/watch7v5tlQ0CWgszl0

Failure to Millionaire - How to Make Money Online | Fiverr Superhero Aaliyaan Success Story

https://www.youtube.com/watch7v5d1hocXWSpus

Suggestive Format and Sequence Order of Success Story

S. No	Key Information	Detail/Description
1.	Self & Family background	 Self-introduction Family background and socio economic status, Education level and activities involved in Financial hardships etc
2.	How he came on board NAVTTC Training/ or got trained through any other source	 Information about course, apply and selection Course duration, trade selection Attendance, active participation, monthly tests, interest in lab work
3.	Post training activities	 How job / business (self-employment) was set up How capital was managed (loan (if any) etc). Detail of work to share i.e. where is job or business being done; how many people employed (in case of self-employment/ business) Monthly income or earnings and support to family Earning a happy life than before
4.	Message to others (under training)	 Take the training opportunity seriously Impose self-discipline and ensure regularity Make Hard work pays in the end so be always ready for the same.

Note: Success story is a source of motivation for the trainees and can be presented in a number of ways/forms in a NAVTTC skill development course as under:-

- 1. To call a passed out successful person of institute. He/she will narrate his/her success story to the trainees in his/her own words and meet trainees as well.
- 2. To see and listen to a recorded video/clip (5 to 7 minutes) showing a successful person Audio video recording that has to cover the above mentioned points.
- 3. The teacher displays the picture of a successful trainee (name, trade, institute, organization, job, earning per month etc) and narrates his/her story in teacher's own motivational words.

Workplace/Institute Ethics Guide

Work ethic is a standard of conduct and values for job performance. The modern definition of what constitutes good work ethics often varies. Different businesses have different expectations. Work ethic is a belief that hard work and diligence have a moral benefit and an inherent ability, virtue or value to strengthen character and individual abilities. It is a set of values centered on importance of work and manifested by determination or desire to work hard.

The following ten work ethic are defined as essential for student success:

1. Attendance:

Be at work every day possible, plan your absences don't abuse leave time. Be punctual every day.

2. Character:

Honesty is the single most important factor having a direct bearing on the final success of an individual, corporation, or product. Complete assigned tasks correctly and promptly. Look to improve your skills.

3. Team Work:

The ability to get along with others including those you don't necessarily like. The ability to carry your own weight and help others who are struggling. Recognize when to speak up with an ideas and when to compromise by blend ideas together.

4. Appearance:

Dress for success, set your best foot forward, personal hygiene, good manner, remember that the first impression of who you are can last a life time

5. Attitude:

Listen to suggestions and be positive, accept responsibility. If you make a mistake, admit it. Values workplace safety rules and precautions for personal and co-worker safety. Avoids unnecessary risks. Willing to learn new processes, systems and procedures in light of changing responsibilities.

6. Productivity:

Do the work correctly, quality and timelines are prized. Get along with fellows, cooperation is the key to productivity. Help out whenever asked, do extra without being

asked. Take pride in your work, do things the best you know how. Eagerly focuses energy on accomplishing tasks, also referred to as demonstrating ownership. Takes pride in work.

7. Organizational Skills:

Make an effort to improve, learn ways to better yourself. Time management, utilize time and resources to get the most out of both. Takes an appropriate approach to social interactions at work. Maintains focus on work responsibilities.

8. Communication:

Written communication, being able to correctly write reports and memos. **Verbal communications,** being able to communicate one on one or to a group.

9. Cooperation:

Follow institute rules and regulations, learn and follow expectations. Get along with fellows, cooperation is the key to productivity. Able to welcome and adapt to changing workplace situations and the application of new or different skills.

10. Respect:

Work hard, work to best of your ability. Carry out orders, do what's asked the first time. Show respect, accept and acknowledge an individual's talents and knowledge. Respects diversity in the workplace, including showing due respect for different perspectives, opinions and suggestions.

Home Assignment

Designing Effective Homework

To achieve a positive impact on student learning, homework assignments must be well- designed and carefully constructed. Some specific research findings include:

- ▶ Homework is most effective when it covers material already taught.
- ► Homework is most effective when it is used to reinforce skills learned in previous weeks or months.
- ▶ Homework is less effective if it is used to teach complex skills.

Characteristics of Good Assignments

When teachers plan homework, they should consider the characteristics listed below:

- Provide clear instructions for students;
- ► Can be completed successfully;
- ► Are not too long;
- Can be completed within a flexible time frame;
- ▶ Use information and materials that are readily available;
- ► Reinforce and allow practice of previously taught skills;
- Must not be unfinished class work:
- Are interesting to students and lead to further exploration and study;
- Stimulate creativity and imagination in the application of skills;
- ► Stimulate home and class discussion

Homework Don'ts

Do not assign homework that:

- ► Is unfamiliar, boring or impossible to do
- ▶ Requires complex skills or requires unreasonable time frames
- ► Is a "time filler" to keep students busy or a punishment for not doing class work
- Do not wait until the last minute to organize and assign the homework (You may give useless or impossible tasks and/or giving inadequate directions)
- ▶ Do not assume that all homes have equal resources, that all parents have equal skills and talents to support their children as learners
- ▶ Do not collect any homework you do not intend to check, review or grade.
- ▶ Do not assign homework that is so difficult and unfamiliar to students that their parents are tempted to:
 - · Do the work for them;
 - Accuse their children of being inattentive in class; or
 - Accuse their children of failing

References

A Union of Professionals, Classroom Tips, Assigning Effective Homework https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/ED516934.pdf visited on 7th June, 2020

Workplace/Institute Ethics Guide

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The following ten work ethic are defined as essential for student success:

11. Attendance:

Be at work every day possible, plan your absences don't abuse leave time. Be punctual every day.

12. Character:

Honesty is the single most important factor having a direct bearing on the final success of an individual, corporation, or product. Complete assigned tasks correctly and promptly. Look to improve your skills.

13. Team Work:

The ability to get along with others including those you don't necessarily like. The ability to carry your own weight and help others who are struggling. Recognize when to speak up with an ideas and when to compromise by blend ideas together.

14. Appearance:

Dress for success, set your best foot forward, personal hygiene, good manner, remember that the first impression of who you are can last a life time

15. Attitude:

Listen to suggestions and be positive, accept responsibility. If you make a mistake, admit it. Values workplace safety rules and precautions for personal and co-worker safety. Avoids unnecessary risks. Willing to learn new processes, systems and procedures in light of changing responsibilities.

16. Productivity:

Do the work correctly, quality and timelines are prized. Get along with fellows, cooperation is the key to productivity. Help out whenever asked, do extra without being asked. Take pride in your work, do things the best you know how. Eagerly focuses energy on accomplishing tasks, also referred to as demonstrating ownership. Takes pride in work.

17. Organizational Skills:

Make an effort to improve, learn ways to better yourself. Time management, utilize time and resources to get the most out of both. Takes an appropriate approach to social interactions at work. Maintains focus on work responsibilities.

18. Communication:

Written communication, being able to correctly write reports and memos. **Verbal communications,** being able to communicate one on one or to a group.

19. Cooperation:

Follow institute rules and regulations, learn and follow expectations. Get along with fellows, cooperation is the key to productivity. Able to welcome and adapt to changing workplace situations and the application of new or different skills.

20. Respect:

Work hard, work to best of your ability. Carry out orders, do what's asked the first time. Show respect, accept and acknowledge an individual's talents and knowledge. Respects diversity in the workplace, including showing due respect for different perspectives, opinions and suggestions.