### Government of Pakistan

# **National Vocational and Technical Training Commission**

# **Prime Minister's Hunarmand Pakistan Program**

"Skills for All"



Course Contents / Lesson Plan
Course Title: Plumber & Pipe fitter

**Duration:** 06 Months

Trainer Name						
Author Name	Faisal Hayat Khan ( Lecturer Civil KP-TEVTA)					
Course Title	PLUMBER & PIPE FITTING					
Objectives and Expectations	Employable skills and hands-on practice in PLUMBING TRADE  This course offers a broad, cross-disciplinary learning experience for students looking to pursue careers in plumber trade, and all disciplines that focus on effective Safety awareness, variety of tools and equipment such as hand and power tools, welding and soldering/brazing equipment, and hoisting and lifting equipment to perform the tasks in their trade.  In this course, students may be employed by plumbing/mechanica contractors, service companies, and maintenance departments of manufacturing, commercial, health care and educational facilities. They may also be self-employed. Plumbers install piping and equipment in residential, commercial, institutional and industrial buildings and sites.  Main Expectations:  In short, the course under reference should be delivered by professional instructors in such a robust hands-on manner that the trainees are comfortably able to employ their skills for earning money (through wage/self-employment) at its conclusion.  This course thus clearly goes beyond the domain of the traditional training practices in vogue and underscores an expectation that a market-centric approach will be adopted as the main driving force while delivering it. The instructors should therefore be experienced enough to be able to identify the training needs for the possible market roles available out there. Moreover, they should also know the strengths and weaknesses of each trainee to prepare them for such market roles during/after the training.  i. Specifically designed Practical Tasks to be performed by trainees are included in Annex I of this document. The management of the training institution must keep records of all tasks performed individually or collectively, clearly identifying names, industries, courses, etc. for physical inspection/verification through supervisory visits at any time. Weekly assignments are also noted in the weekly lesson plans given in this document.  ii. A module on workplace ethics is also included to emphasize					

- iii. Needless to say that if the training provider puts his heart and soul into these otherwise non-technical components, the image of the Pakistani workforce would undergo a positive transformation in the local as well as international job markets.
- **iv.** To maintain interest and motivation of the trainees throughout the course, modern techniques such as:
- Motivational Lectures
- Success Stories
- Case Studies

These techniques would be employed as an additional training tool wherever possible (these are explained in the subsequent section on Training Methodology).

Lastly, evaluation of the competencies acquired by the trainees will be done objectively at various stages of the training and a proper record of the same will be maintained. Suffice to say that for such evaluations, practical tasks would be designed by the training providers to gauge the problem-solving abilities of the trainees.

#### v. Motivational Lectures

The proposed methodology for the training under reference employs motivation as a tool. Hence besides the purely technical content, a trainer is required to include elements of motivation in his/her lecture to inspire the trainees to utilize the training opportunity to the full and strive towards professional excellence. Motivational lectures may also include general topics such as the importance of moral values and civic FVTLM022 Page 4 role & responsibilities as a Pakistani. Motivational lectures may also include general topics such as the importance of moral values and civic role & responsibilities as a Pakistani. A motivational lecture should be delivered with enough zeal to produce a deep impact on the trainees. It may comprise of the following:

- Clear Purpose to convey message to trainees effectively.
- Personal Story to quote as an example to follow.
- Trainees fit so that the situation is actionable by trainees and not represent a just idealism.
- Ending Points to persuade the trainees on changing themselves.

A good motivational lecture should help drive creativity, curiosity and spark the desire needed for trainees to want to learn more. Impact of a successful motivational strategy is amongst others commonly visible in increased class participation ratios. It increases the trainees' willingness to be engaged on the practical tasks for longer time without boredom and loss of interest because they can clearly see in their mind's eye where their hard work would take them in short (1-3 years); medium (3-10 years) and long term (more than 10 years). As this tool is expected that the training providers would make arrangements for regular well planned motivational lectures as part of a coordinated strategy interspersed throughout the training period as suggested in the weekly lesson plans in this document.

### (i) Success Stories

Another effective way of motivating the trainees is by means of Success Stories. Its inclusion in the weekly lesson plan at regular intervals has been recommended till

the end of the training. A success story may be disseminated orally, through a presentation or by means of a video/documentary of someone that has risen to fortune, acclaim, or brilliant achievement. A success story shows how a person FVTLM022 Page 5 achieved his goal through hard work, dedication and devotion. An inspiring success story contains compelling and significant facts articulated clearly and easily comprehensible words. Moreover, it is helpful if it is assumed that the reader/listener knows nothing of what is being revealed. Optimum impact is created when the story is revealed in the form of:

- Directly in person (At least 2-3 cases must be arranged by the training institute)
- Through an audio/videotaped message (2-3 high quality videos must be arranged by the training institute)

It is expected that the training provider would collect relevant high quality success stories for inclusion in the training as suggested in the weekly lesson plan given in this document.

### (ii) Case Studies

Where a situation allows, case studies can also be presented to the trainees to widen their understanding of the real-life specific problem/situation and to explore the solutions. In simple terms, the case study method of teaching uses a real-life case example/a typical case to demonstrate a phenomenon in action and explain theoretical as well as practical aspects of the knowledge related to the same. It is an effective way to help the trainees comprehend in depth both the theoretical and practical aspects of the complex phenomenon in depth with ease. Case teaching can also stimulate the trainees to participate in discussions and thereby boost their confidence. It also makes class room atmosphere interesting thus maintaining the trainee interest in training till the end of the course. Depending on suitability to the trade, the weekly lesson plan in this document may suggest case studies to be presented to the trainees. The trainer may adopt a power point presentation or video format for FVTLM022 Page 6 such case studies whichever is deemed suitable but it's important that only those cases are selected that are relevant and of a learning value. The Trainees should be required and supervised to carefully analyze the cases. For the purpose they must be encouraged to inquire and collect specific information data, actively participate in the discussions and intended solutions of the problem situation. Case studies can be implemented in the following ways:

- i. A good quality trade specific documentary (At least 2-3 documentaries must be arranged by the training institute)
- ii. Health & Safety case studies (2 cases regarding safety and industrial accidents must be arranged by the training institute)
- iii. Field visits (At least one visit to a trade specific major industry/ site must be arranged by the training institute)

# Entry-level of trainees

Primary

Learning Outcomes of the course	By the end of this course, students will be able to:  Demonstrate the activity of understanding and interpreting of the plumbing drawings / layout, marking, dimensions and site plan  Demonstrate logical reasoning in plumbing through evaluating best materials selection and determine adequate joining processes.  Demonstrate plumbing technology through using current plumbing tools.  Communicate effectively by discussing plumbing fittings with industry names, classifying materials using industry standard terms and explaining plumbing processes utilizing appropriate terminology.  Demonstrate professionalism by developing goals for personal and professional growth & modeling industry norms to develop a. commitment of lifelong career
Course Execution Plan	The total duration of the course: 6 months (24 Weeks) Class hours: 4 hours per day Theory: 20% Practical: 80% Weekly hours: 20 hours per week Total contact hours: 480 hours
Companies offering jobs in the respective trade	The following public and private companies can offer jobs in the trade: Health department, Construction companies, Housing projects, Process Plants, Oil mills, flour mills, Petrol & CNG stations and townships etc.
Job Opportunities	The passed out can work as:-  Plumber in industry (Construction, Textile, Leather, Pharmaceuticals, Food Processing, Automotive, Cement etc.) Owner of Self-Business
No of Students	25
Learning Place	Classroom / Lab / Workshop / Industry
Instructional Resources	By the end of the course the trainees will be able to have following competencies and skills.  □ Identify the skills needed to use plumbing tools on the common types of plumbing and piping systems, as well as the applicable codes, standards, and licensing procedures □ List how to select and use the proper tools for various tasks, perform computations, interpret architectural drawings, disinfect water, use plumbing valves and meters, and differentiate the installation procedures for the types of heating systems □ Describe the basics of plumbing system design, calculating required pipe lengths and system dimensions, scheduling work, installing DWV and supply piping, system testing, and doing finish work □ Identify equipment and methods for working with specialized plumbing systems, doing service work, and performing calculations

Scheduled Weeks	Module Title	Days	Learning Units	Home Assignment
Week 1	Introduction & Performs CommonOccupational Skills	Day 1	Course Introduction & Motivational Lecture  • Work ethic • Purpose of the course • Job Reasoning work & Safety	
		Day 2	Organizes Work / Work ethicsTrade Relate Safety  • Discuss safe work practices • Toolbox Talks (TBT) • Lockout and tag out procedures • Maintains safe work environment • safe work practices • regulatory requirements pertaining toworkplace safety	
		Day 3	Uses personal protective equipment(PPE) and safety equipment.  • PPE and safety equipment, itsapplications, maintenance and procedures for use  • regulatory requirements pertaining toPPE and safety equipment.  • Performs lock-out and tag-out procedures regulations, applications and procedures for locking out equipment	
		Day 4	Introduction to Drawing  • explain drawings  • use of symbols  • discuss measurements andstandards  • explain Iso-metrics / Layouts  • draw single line plan for execution of the work required.  Uses communication techniques  • trade terminology effective communication practices  Basic Tools and Equipment	

			<ul> <li>discuss the use and care of handand power tools</li> <li>discuss access equipment</li> <li>explain hoisting and riggingequipment</li> <li>explain crane hand signals</li> <li>discuss knots and hitches</li> <li>describe welding equipment</li> <li>explain soldering and brazingequipment</li> </ul>	
Week 2	Organizes work	Day 1	Motivational Lecture Students are introduced to how Organizes their work	
		Day 2	Piping Fundamentals Theory discuss piping system layout discuss piping system measurements explain piping system offsets	
		Day 3	Piping Fundamentals Theory identify pipe support systems discuss pipe sleeves	
		Day 4	Piping Fundamentals Theory define piping system commissioning discuss piping system protection	
		Day 5	Piping Fundamentals Theory Purpose of measuring and checking tools. Accuracy of measuring.	
Week 3	Basics of plumbing and piping shop	Day 1	Piping Fundamentals-Shop  • discuss assembly of copper tube and tubing  • discuss assembly of PPRC Pipes  • discuss assembly of plastic tube and its tubing	
		Day 2	Piping Fundamentals-Shop  • discuss assembly of steel pipe  • discuss installation of hybrid piping system	
<b>7</b> l Plumber		Day 3	<ul> <li>Trade Activities</li> <li>Piping system layout</li> <li>Calculation of pipe.</li> <li>Calculation of tube and its lengths</li> <li>Calculation of piping offsets</li> </ul>	

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		Day 4	Trade Activities	
		<i>-</i> .	Installation of piping supports	
			Installation of sleeves	
		Day 5	Trade Activities	
			Linear measurements	
			instruments	
			<ul> <li>Linear measurements and its</li> </ul>	
			fault	
			Care and maintenance of	
Week 4		Day 1	measuring instruments.  Commissions Systems	
WCCR 4		Day 1	Commissions Systems	
			<ul> <li>Protects piping systems,</li> </ul>	
			equipment and structure from	
			damage • Coordinates excavation and	
			backfilling of trenches	
			<u>-</u>	
		Day 2	Commissions Systems	
			<ul> <li>Installs fire stopping</li> </ul>	
			devices andmaterials	
			Countersinking	
			Counterboring	
		Day 3	Uses Communication	
			Techniques	
			Communication Techniques	
			<ul> <li>trade terminologies</li> </ul>	
			effective communication	
			practices	
		Day 4	Use mentoring techniques	
			Technical drawings	
			Lettering exercise Types of lines	
		Day 5	Dimensions	
		, _	Dimension symbols.	
			Various pipe and fitting symbols	
Week 5	Preparation and Assembling	Day 1	Pipe Preparation	
			<ul> <li>Inspects tube, tubing, pipe</li> <li>and fittings before</li> </ul>	
			and fittings before installation	
			Accessories to be used	
			<ul> <li>Procedures used to</li> </ul>	
			measure tube,tubing and	
		D = -	piping, and fitting allowance	
		Day 2	Cuts • procedures used to measure cut	
			tube, tubing and pipe.	
			Accessories for cutting	
			Bends	
			Procedures used to measure	
			<ul><li>bend tube, tubing and pipe.</li><li>Accessories for bending</li></ul>	
			- Accessories for bending	

		Day 3	Pipe connections     Procedures used to measure connection tube, tubing and pipe.     Accessories for pipe connections	
		Day 4	Sawing Cutting principles Types of saw blades and its characteristics	
		Day 5	Drilling Drilling through holes Main parts Clamping Drilling faults	
Weeks 6	Pipe fitting	Day 1	Steel pipe Kinds of steel pipes Normal sizes and its lengths	
		Day 2	Pipe fittings Pressure and drainage fitting Fitting specifications	
		Day 3	Characteristics of pipes Properties Rust / Corrosion Chemical resistance Expansion / Heat Resistance	
		Day 4	Characteristics of pipes Advantages and disadvantages Comparative analysis	
		Day 5	Plumbing symbols Importance of pipes symbols Symbols definitions	
Week 7	Pipe fitting	Day 1	Pipe Threads BSP Threads Threads and tappers and angles Thread engagement Threads per inch	
		Day 2	Joints Joining methods of steel pipes Joining methods of cast iron pipes	
		Day 3	Joints Joining methods of copper pipes Joining methods of plastic and A.C pipes	
		Day 4	Supporting of pipes Hanger and devices Position and alignment Corrosion protection	
		Day 5	Pipes fitting exercise Measuring Marking Cutting	
Week 8	Installs, tests and services sewers, sewage treatment systems and drainage, waste andvent (DWV) systems	Day 1	<ul><li>Plumbing Codebook</li><li>explain drainage piping components</li><li>explain dry venting</li></ul>	

			explain wet venting	
		Day 2	Plumbing Codebook	
			<ul> <li>size drainage, waste and</li> </ul>	
			venting(DWV) line drawings  • discuss rough-in requirements	
			install bathroom rough-in.	
		Day 3	Interior Drainage, Waste andVenting (DWV)	
			Systems (Introduction)  • introduction to DWV	
			Sizes pipe for interior	
			drainage,waste and vent	
			(DWV) systems	
		Day 4	DWV systems	
		Day 4	DWV systems, their	
			components,	
			<ul> <li>DWV system applications and operation</li> </ul>	
			and operation	
		Day 5	DWV systems	
			<ul> <li>procedures used to determine and transfer grade</li> </ul>	
			and elevation measurements	
			for DWV systems	
Week 9	Installs, tests and services	Day 1	Installs underground piping	
	sewers, sewage treatment systems and drainage, waste		andcomponents for interior drainage, waste and vent	
	andvent (DWV) systems		(DWV)systems	
			<ul> <li>DWV systems, applications</li> </ul>	
			andoperation	
			<ul> <li>procedures used to determine andtransfer grade and</li> </ul>	
			elevation measurements for	
			DWV systems	
		Day 2	Procedures used to layout and	
			install DWV systems	
		Day 3	Installs piping and	
			components for interior	
			drainage, waste andvent	
			(DWV) systems above	
			<ul><li>ground</li><li>DWV systems, applications</li></ul>	
			andoperation	
			procedures used to determine	
			andtransfer grade and elevation measurements for	
			DWV systems	
			procedures used to layout     procedures used to layout	
		Day 4	and install DWV systems	
		Day 4	Tests interior drainage, wasteand vent (DWV)	
			systems	
			<ul> <li>interior DWV systems and</li> </ul>	
			theirapplication	

			<ul> <li>testing equipment and procedures used for testing interior DWV systems</li> </ul>	
		Day 5	Services piping and componentsfor interior drainage, waste and vent (DWV) systems • interior DWV system equipment andcomponents, their applications and operation • procedures used to service interiorDWV systems	
Week 10	Gas fittings	Day 1	Students are introduced to use thevarious plumbing tools in Gas distribution Installs, tests and services gas services	
		Day 2	Gas Fittings  • explain the delivery system fornatural and propane gases  • discuss the properties of natural, propane and butane gases	
		Day 3	<ul> <li>Gas Fittings</li> <li>explain gas codes</li> <li>install a natural gas piping system commission a natural gas pipingsystem</li> </ul>	
		Day 4	<ul><li>Gas fitting layouts</li><li>layout gas distribution piping system</li><li>layout the venting system</li></ul>	
		Day 5	Gas fitting layouts <ul><li>apply manufacturers</li><li>guidelines forfurnace</li><li>positioning.</li><li>perform start up procedures</li></ul>	
Week 11	Introduction to electric controls	Day 1 and 2	Electric Controls  describe basic electrical concepts.  measure voltage, current, resistanceand capacitance. interpret wiring diagrams.  test standing pilot appliance controls terminate wires.	
<b>11</b>   <i>Plumber</i>	Trade	Day 3,4,5	Electric Controls (Exceed)  test the operation of electricalcircuits  describe the operation of electricalswitches	

			<ul> <li>use electrical transformers</li> <li>use relays in electrical circuits compare the characteristics for alternating current (AC) motors</li> </ul>	
Week 12	Installs, Tests andServices Hydronic Systems	Day 1	Students are introduced to: Installs, Tests and Services HydronicSystems	
		Day 2	Hydronic Systems	
		Day 3	Hydronic Systems  • discuss design requirements for radiant panel heating systems  • recognize control systems discuss hydronic heating and coolingdistribution piping	
		Day 4	Sizes piping and components for hydronic systems  • fluid fundamentals  • factors that impact the design sizing pipe  • components for hydronic systems	
		Day 5	Installs piping and componentsfor hydronic systems • installing piping and components forhydronic systems	
Week 13	Installs, Tests andServices Hydronic Systems	Day 1	Tests piping and componentsfor hydronic systems  • testing piping and components forhydronic systems  • principles of hydronic system operation	
		Day 2	Services piping and components for hydronicsystems  • principles of hydronic system operation  • servicing piping and components forhydronic systems	
<b>12</b> \ Plumbei		Day 3	Blueprint Reading and Plumbing Code Introduction to Blueprint Reading	

		Day 4 Day 5	Interpretation of plumbing code for drainage, waste, and venting systems  Establishment of elevation and	
		рау 5	understanding isometric views	
Week 14	Installs, Tests And Services Hydronic Heating And Cooling Generating Systems	Day 1	Various fields of Installation, Tests And Services Hydronic Heating AndCooling Generating Systems	
		Day 2	Installs hydronic heatinggenerating systems • hydronic heat sources and their operation	
		Day 3	Installs hydronic coolinggenerating systems • principles of heat transfer hydronic cooling sources and their operation	
		Day 4	Tests hydronic heating and cooling generating systems • testing hydronic heating and cooling sources	
		Day 5	Operation of hydronic heating and cooling generating systems their operation interpreting manufacturers' data	
Week 15	Installs, Tests And Services Hydronic Heating And Cooling Generating Systems	Day 1	Services hydronic heating andcooling generating systems • the principles of hydronic heatingand cooling generating systems operation	
		Day 2	Services hydronic heating and cooling generating systems • servicing for hydronic heating and cooling generating systems	
		Day 3	Documenting the service for hydronic heating and cooling generating systems and associatedpiping and components	
		Day 4	Installs, tests and services hydronic system controls andtransfer units • Installs hydronic system controls • Installs hydronic transfer unit	

		Day 5	Installs, tests and services hydronic system controls andtransfer units  Tests hydronic system controls andtransfer units Services hydronic system controlsand transfer units	
Week 16	Plumbing Systems	Day 1	Introduction	
			<ul> <li>Business Value Statement</li> <li>Business Model Canvas</li> <li>Sales and Marketing Strategies</li> <li>How to Reach Customers</li> </ul>	
		Day 2	Plumbing Systems	
			<ul> <li>describe commercial plumbingfixtures</li> <li>recognize cross connection controldevices</li> <li>explain potable hot water distributionsystems</li> </ul>	
		Day 3	Plumbing Systems     size potable water distributionsystems     discuss municipal infrastructures     discuss medical gas systems	
		Day 4	Plumbing Systems  explain radon gas prevention systems  discuss compressed air systems	
		Day 5	Plumbing Systems  • discuss underground sprinkler systems  • discuss swimming pools describe special piping systems	
Week 17	Plumbing Systems	Day 1	Sizes pipe for sewers	
			<ul> <li>sanitary drainage, storm and combination drainage systems, theircomponents, applications and operation</li> </ul>	
		Day 2	Sizes pipe for sewers procedures used to determine and transfer grade and elevation measurements for sanitary drainage systems	
	Trade	Day 3	Installs Manholes and CatchBasins • manholes and catch basins, theircomponents, applications	

		Day 4	and operation  • procedures used to determine andtransfer grade and elevation measurements for manholes and catch basins  • procedures used to lay out and install manholes and catch basins  Installs piping for sewers  • sewers, their components, applications and operation  • procedures used to determine andtransfer grade and elevation	
		Day 5	Installs piping for sewers  • measurements for sewers  • procedures used to lay out andinstall piping for sewers	
Week 18	Tests Manholes, Catch Basins and Piping For Sewers	Day 1	Perform tools demonstration for tests Manholes, Catch Basins and Piping For Sewers	
		Day 2	Tests manholes, catch basinsand piping for sewers  • manholes, catch basins and pipingfor sewers and their application	
		Day 3	<ul> <li>procedures used for testing manholes, catch basins and piping for sewers</li> <li>Services manholes, catch basinsand piping for sewers</li> </ul>	
		Day 4	Installs, tests and serviceswater services Sizes pipe for water services • water service piping, components, their applications and operation • procedures used to determine elevation, friction loss, velocity andrequired pressure for water service	
		Day 5	Installs piping for potable waterdistribution systems • potable water distribution systemand components, their applications and operation	
Week 19	Tests Manholes, Catch Basins and Piping For Sewers	Day 1	Procedures used to install piping andcomponents for potable water distribution systems	
		Day 2	Installs, tests and serviceswater services  • Sizes pipe for water services  • Installs piping for water services	

			• Inetalle water convice equipment	
		Day 3	Installs water service equipment     Tests water service piping	
		Day 5	<ul> <li>Tests water service piping and components</li> </ul>	
			the procedures used to	
			maintain water service	
		Day 4	Introduction to Advanced	
			Plumbing Techniques	
			Overview of advanced plumbing	
			techniques and their applications	
			Discussion on the importance of continued learning in the plumbing	
			industry	
		Day 5	Pipe Rehabilitation Methods	
			Introduction to pipe rehabilitation	
			techniques such as pipe bursting	
			and relining Hands-on demonstration of pipe	
			rehabilitation equipment	
Week 20	Advanced Plumbing Techniques	Day 1	Advanced Pipe Joining Techniques	
			Training on advanced pipe joining methods including fusion welding	
			and threading	
			Safety precautions and regulatory	
			requirements for advanced pipe joining	
		Day 2	Water Treatment Systems	
		Duy L	•	
			Understanding the principles of	
			water treatment and purification	
			Installation and maintenance of	
			water treatment systems in	
		Day 2	plumbing applications	
		Day 3	Advanced Plumbing Fixtures	
			Overview of advanced plumbing	
			fixtures such as water-saving toilets and smart faucets	
			and Smart laucets	
			Installation and troubleshooting of	
		<u> </u>	advanced plumbing fixtures	
		Day 4	Greywater Recycling Systems	
			Understanding greywater recycling	
			systems and their benefits Installation and maintenance of	
			greywater recycling systems	
		Day 5	Rainwater Harvesting Systems	
			Introduction to rainwater harvesting	
			techniques for residential and	
			commercial buildings Design and installation	
<b>16  </b> Plumber	<b>1</b>		200igii ana motanation	

			considerations for reinvector	
			considerations for rainwater harvesting systems	
Week 21	Plumbing Regulations and Compliance	Day 1	Introduction to Plumbing Regulations  Overview of local, national, and international plumbing codes and regulations Importance of compliance with plumbing regulations in construction	
		Day 2	Code Interpretation and Application  Interpretation of plumbing codes and standards for various plumbing systems  Application of code requirements in plumbing design and installation	
		Day 3	Plumbing Inspections and Permits  Understanding the process of plumbing inspections and obtaining permits Documentation and record-keeping requirements for plumbing projects	
		Day 4	Regulatory Updates and Continuing Education  Staying informed about changes and updates in plumbing regulations	
		Day 5	Importance of continuing education and professional development for plumbers	
Week 22	Blueprint and Plumbing Code	Day 1	Motivational Lecture Introduction to blueprint reading and plumbing code	
		Day 2	Blueprint Reading and PlumbingCode  • plumbing code for drainage, wasteand venting  • interpret code for sanitary drainage, storm drainage and venting  • establish elevation with a builder'slevel  • establish elevation with a laser level  • isometric and orthographic views  • plumbing systems grid lines	
		Day 3	Water Conditioning and Backflow • constituents of water • water tests • water treatment devices	

			- water treatment aguinment	
			<ul> <li>water treatment equipment sizing</li> </ul>	
			component installation	
		Day 4	Special Piping Systems	
		•	medical gas code	
			plastic welding	
			specialty tools	
			<ul> <li>potable water distribution</li> </ul>	
			systemsizing	
			potable water distribution piping	
			<ul><li>andcomponents</li><li>specialty piping systems</li></ul>	
			andcomponents	
			residential fire suppression systems	
		Day 5	Trade Mathematics	
			<ul> <li>basic math skills</li> </ul>	
			<ul><li>units of measurement</li></ul>	
			<ul> <li>offset calculations</li> </ul>	
			grade calculations	
			<ul> <li>heat calculations plumbing trade related calculations</li> </ul>	
Week 23	PROJECTION PLANS	Day 1	Motivational Lecture	
Week 23	PROJECTION PLANS	Day 1	Introduction for projection	
		Day 2	plan	
		Day 3	Types of plans of projections	
		Day 4	Orthographic Projections	
		Day 5	1st And 3rd Angle Projections	
Week 24	Entrepreneurshipand Final	Day 1	Success stories	
	Assessment in project		lab Mauliot	
			Job Market SearchingSelf-	
			employment	
			Job Market Searching	
		Day 2	Introduction	
			Fundamentals of	
			Business	
			Development	
			Entrepreneurship	
			Startup Funding	
		Day 3	Business Value Statement	
			Business Model Canvas	
			Sales and Marketing Strategies	
			How to Reach Customers and EngageCEOs	
		Day 4	Stakeholders Power Grid	
			RACI Model, SWOT Analysis,	
			PESTAnalysis	
			•	

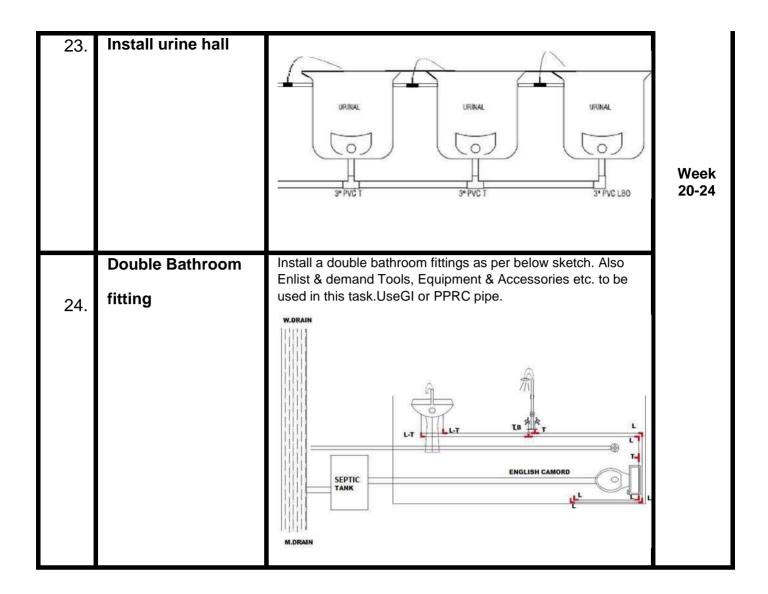
	Day 5	Cost Management (OPEX,CAPEX, ROCE, etc.)	
		Final Assessment  Cost Management (OPEX, CAPEX,ROCE, etc.)  Final Assessment	

### **Tasks For Plumber**

Note: The following tasks are required to be performed multiple times by each trainee/group until sufficient proficiency level is acquired. The trainer is required to determine the number of times the task needs to be repeated by a trainee as per his/her low/medium/high level of skill and proficiency during any stage of the course.

Task No.	Task	Description	Week
1.	Prepare safety charts	Showing General & Trade specific safety measure (text/pictorial). Each trainee will prepare different chart.	
2.	Apply basic numeracy	<ul> <li>i. Find area of a circle having radius = 6cm, also convert the result into inches.</li> <li>ii. Find area of a square having each side = 3 inches, also convert the result into mm.</li> <li>iii. Find area of a triangle having height = 8.6 cm&amp; base = 0.05m, also convert the result into inches.</li> <li>iv. Cylinder having height = 2.25ft &amp; radius = 255mm, also convert the result into meters.</li> <li>(Note: Draw neat and clean sketches of all of the above on drawing sheet)</li> </ul>	
3.	Drawing and estimate	Draw the layout of bathroom on drawing sheet and estimate the bathroom accessories for installation. Each trainees will prepare for different bathroom	Week 1-5
4.	Draw sketches of tools & equipment used by plumber	Draw neat & clean sketches of different tools & equipment used by a plumber. Each trainee will draw sketches of at least 10 items.	
5.	Pipe cutting	Practice on pipe cutting with saw and pipe cutter	
6.	Drilling hole	Practice on drilling hole	
7.	Practice on drill	Clamping and twisting the drill	
8.	Joints in Cast iron pipes	Practice on joints in cast iron pipes	
9.	Joints in Steel pipes	Practice on joints in steel pipes	Week 6-12
10.	Joints in Plastic and rubber pipes	Practice on joints in plastic and rubber pipes	
11.	Joints in PPRC and G.I pipes	Practice on joints in PPRC and G.I pipes	
12.	Threading in steel and cast-iron pipes	Practice on threading in steel and iron pipes	

13.	Threading on G.I And PPRC pipes	Threading in G.I and PPRC pipes	
14.	Connections for water supply	Connection of water supply from main line.	
15.	Install traps (Floor & Bottle trapes)	Install floor & bottle traps at appropriate places to drain waste water.	
16.	Installation of sewerage pipe	Install appropriate pipe for domestic sewerage system and connect/attach it to manhole.	Week 13- 16
17.	Installation of drain system	Install kitchen sink drain system using appropriate material.	
18.	Drawing plumbing fittings	Draw neat sketches of plumbing fittings on drawing sheet, each trainee to draw at least 10 different sketches.	
19.	Perform cutting and threading	Take a thread 3.4 ft piece of 1 ¾ inches GI pipe and perform threading operation at both ends. Then connect an elbow at one end and a ½ inches reducer at the other end.	
20.	Install Indian/English WC	Install complete Indian/English WC and connect it to sewerage system properly, also enlist & demand all the necessary tool, equipment etc.	Week 16- 20
21.	Installation of Instant Geezer	Install Instant Gas/Electric Geezer and connect it to water supply, also examine its performance.	
22.	Install washbasin hall	Install a washbasin hall as per below sketch. Also Enlist & demand Tools, Equipment & Accessories etc. to be used in this task.  Basin MIXER  WASH BASIN.  WASH BASIN.  WASH BASIN.  WASH BASIN.  WASH BASIN.  WASH PIPE  WASTE PIPE  WAST	



### Workplace/Institute Ethics Guide

Work ethic is a standard of conduct and values for job performance. The modern definition of what constitutes good work ethics often varies. Different businesses have different expectations. Work ethic is a belief that hard work and diligence have a moral benefit and an inherent ability, virtue or value to strengthen character and individual abilities. It is a set of values centered on importance of work and manifested by determination or desire to work hard. The following ten work ethics are defined as essential for employee's success:

- 1. Attendance: Be at work every day possible, plan your absences don't abuse leave time. Be punctual every day.
- 2. Character: Honesty is the single most important factor having a direct bearing on the final success of an individual, corporation, or product. Complete assigned tasks correctly and promptly. Look to improve your skills.
- 3. Appearance: Dress for success, set your best foot forward, personal hygiene, good manner, remember that the first impression of who you are, can last a life time
- 4. Attitude: Listen to suggestions and be positive, accept responsibility. If you make a mistake, admit it. Values workplace safety rules and precautions for personal and co-worker safety. Avoids unnecessary risks. Willing to learn new processes, systems and procedures in light of changing responsibilities.
- 5. Productivity: Do the work correctly, quality and timelines are prized. Get along with fellows, cooperation is the key to productivity. Help out whenever asked, do extra without being asked. Take pride in your
- 6. Organizational Skills: Make an effort to improve, learn ways to better yourself. Time management; utilize time and resources to get the most out of both. Takes an appropriate approach to social interactions at work. Maintains focus on work responsibilities.
- 7. Communication: Written communication, being able to correctly write reports and memos. Verbal communications, being able to communicate one on one or to a group.
- 8. Cooperation: Follow institute rules and regulations, learn and follow expectations. Get along with fellows, cooperation is the key to productivity. Able to welcome and adapt to changing workplace situations and the application of new or different skills.
- 9. Respect: Work hard, work to the best of your ability. Carry out orders, do what's asked the first time. Show respect, accept and acknowledge an individual's talents and knowledge. Respects diversity in the workplace, including showing due respect for different perspectives, opinions and suggestions

### **Suggestive Format and Sequence Order of Success Story**

Note: Success story is a source of motivation for the trainees and can be presented in a number of ways/forms in a NAVTTC skill development course To call a passed out successful person of institute. He/she will narrate his/her success story to the trainees in his/her own words

meet trainees as well.

To see and listen to a recorded video/clip (5 to 7 minutes) showing a successful person Audio video recording that has to cover the above mentioned points.

3. The teacher displays the picture of a successful trainee (name, trade, institute, organization, job, earning per month etc) and narrates his/her story in teacher's own motivational words.

Sr	Key Information	Detail/Description
1	Self & Family Background	Self-introduction Family background and economic status, Education level and activities involved in Financial hardships etc
2	How he came on board NAVTTC Training/ or got trained through any other source	Information about course, apply and selection Course duration, trade selection Attendance, active participation, monthly tests, interest in lab work
3	Post Training Activities	How job / business (self-employment) was set up How capital was managed (loan (if any) etc). Detail of work to share i.e. where is job or business being done; how many people employed (in case of self employment/ business)   Monthly income or earnings and support to family Earning a happy life than before
		Take the training opportunity seriously Impose self-discipline and ensure regularity Make Hard work pays in the end so be always ready for the same.

## **MOTIVATIONAL LECTURES LINKS.**

TOPIC	SPEAKER	LINK
How to Face Problems In Life	Qasim Ali Shah	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OrQte08MI90
Just Control Your Emotions	Qasim Ali Shah	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JzFs yJt-w
How to Communicate Effectively	Qasim Ali Shah	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PhHAQEGehKc
Your ATTITUDE is Everything	Tony Robbins Les Brown David Goggins Jocko Willink Wayne Dyer Eckart Tolle	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5fS3rj6elFg
Control Your EMOTIONS	Jim Rohn Les Brown TD Jakes Tony Robbins	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=chn86sH0O5U
Defeat Fear, Build Confidence	Shaykh Atif Ahmed	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=s10dzfbozd4
Wisdom of the Eagle	Learn Kurooji	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bEU7V5rJTtw
The Power of ATTITUDE	Titan Man	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r8LJ5X2ejqU
STOP WASTING TIME	Arnold Schwarzenegger	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kzSBrJmXqdq
Risk of Success	Denzel Washington	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tbnzAVRZ9Xc

### **SUCCESS STORY**

S. No	Key Information	Detail/Description
1.	Self & Family background	Running my own plumbing company allows me the freedom to specialize in what I do best. I'm able to provide top quality service to my customers by taking on the jobs I've elected to train specifically for.  Being my own boss also means having the ability to pick my own material and methods of installation. This all adds up to my ability to offer a high-end solution with long-term peace of mind. He says. If at first, you don't succeed, try try again
2.	How he came on board NAVTTC Training/ or got trained through any other source	Certification in graphic designing from STEPS(NAVTTC partner institute)
3.	Post-training activities	My dad is a plumber and would take me on jobs with him when I was a kid. As far back as I can recall, if I wasn't working, I was watching and learning.  Eventually I went to work for him full time. I helped him build a larger business to provide for his family without him having to work before I started my own small company for myself. But he's had to face his fair share of challenges too. The shoddy state of internet infrastructure in his city, Mirpur, threatened to derail his freelancing career. "Sometimes I haven't had connectivity for two days straight," he explains. "That's unthinkable for someone who makes his livelihood on the internet."
4.	Message to others (under training)	Take the training opportunity seriously Impose self-discipline and ensure regularity Make Hard work pays in the end so be always ready for the same.

**Note:** Success story is a source of motivation for the trainees and can be presented in several **26** | *Plumber Trade* 

ways/forms in a NAVTTC skill development course as under: -
Plumber Trade

- 1. To call a passed out successful trainee of the institute. He will narrate his success story to the trainees in his own words and meet trainees as well.
- 2. To see and listen to a recorded video/clip (5 to 7 minutes) showing a successful trainee Audio-video recording that has to cover the above-mentioned points.\*
- 3. The teacher displays the picture of a successful trainee (name, trade, institute, organization, job, earning, etc) and narrates his/her story in the teacher's own motivational words.

### Workplace/Institute Ethics Guide

Work ethic is a standard of conduct and values for job performance. The modern definition of what constitutes good work ethics often varies. Different businesses have different expectations. Work ethic is a belief that hard work and diligence have a moral benefit and an inherent ability, virtue, or value to strengthen character and individual abilities. It is a set of values-centered on the importance of work and manifested by determination or desire to work hard.

The following ten work ethics are defined as essential for student success:

#### 1. Attendance:

Be at work every day possible, plan your absences don't abuse leave time. Be punctual every day.

### 2. Character:

Honesty is the single most important factor having a direct bearing on the final success of an individual, corporation, or product. Complete assigned tasks correctly and promptly. Look to improve your skills.

### 3. Team Work:

The ability to get along with others including those you don't necessarily like. The ability to carry your weight and help others who are struggling. Recognize when to speak up with an idea and when to compromise by blend ideas together.

### 4. Appearance:

Dress for success set your best foot forward, personal hygiene, good manner, remember that the first impression of who you are can last a lifetime

### 5. Attitude:

Listen to suggestions and be positive, accept responsibility. If you make a mistake, admit it. Values workplace safety rules and precautions for personal and co-worker safety. Avoids unnecessary risks. Willing to learn new processes, systems, and procedures in light of changing responsibilities.

#### 6. Productivity:

Do the work correctly, quality and timelines are prized. Get along with fellows, cooperation is the key to productivity. Help out whenever asked, do extra without being asked. Take pride in your work, do things the best you know-how. Eagerly focuses energy on accomplishing tasks, also referred to as demonstrating ownership. Takes pride in work.

### 7. Organizational Skills:

Make an effort to improve, learn ways to better yourself. Time management; utilize time and resources to get the most out of both. Take an appropriate approach to social interactions at work. Maintains focus on work responsibilities.

### 8. Communication:

Written communication, being able to correctly write reports and memos.

Verbal communications, being able to communicate one on one or to a group.

### 9. Cooperation:

Follow institute rules and regulations, learn and follow expectations. Get along with fellows, cooperation is the key to productivity. Able to welcome and adapt to changing work situations and the application of new or different skills.

### 10. Respect:

Work hard, work to the best of your ability. Carry out orders, do what's asked the first time. Show respect, accept, and acknowledge an individual's talents and knowledge. Respects diversity in the workplace, including showing due respect for different perspectives, opinions, and suggestions.